Elsecar Holy Trinity - Science

Topic: Animals including Humans Year: 4 Strand: Biology

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What should I already know?

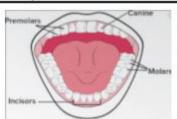
- The parts of the human body and what they do.
- · All animals need water, air and food to survive.
- The different ways in which humans are healthy.
- Animals get nutrition from what they eat.
- Humans and some animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement.
- What carnivores, omnivores and herbivores are.
- · Excretion is one of the seven living processes.

What will I know by the end of the unit?

What is the role of our teeth and how do we look after them?

- Teeth are used for cutting and chewing food.
- They start the digestive process which gives us the energy we need to live.
- Humans look after their teeth by brushing and flossing and ensuring that they do not eat foods high in sugar.
- Not looking after teeth can lead to an increase in plaque and tooth decay.

What are the different names and functions of human teeth?



- Canines are pointed for tearing and ripping food - these are usually used when chewing meat.
- Incisors are shovel shaped and help bite lumps out of and cutting food.
- Premolars and molars are flat and they grind and crush food.

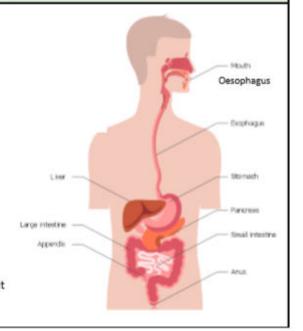
Investigate!

- Investigate the amount of sugar in drinks and learn how sugar leads to an increase in plaque and how this destroys tooth enamel.
- · Compare the teeth of carnivores, omnivores and herbivores. What do you notice?
- · Match animals to their teeth and explain your reasons for this.
- · Identify the parts of the digestive system and explain their functions
- Create a presentation to show how our food is digested.

	Vocabulary					
absorb	soak up or take in					
canine	pointed teeth near the front of the mouth of humans and of some anim					
carnivore	an animal that eats meat					
decay	gradually destroyed by a natural process					
digestion	breaking down ingested food material					
enamel	the hard white substance that forms the outer part of a tooth					
excretion	the process of eliminating faeces, urine, or sweat from the body					
faeces	the solid waste substance that people and animals get rid of from their body by passing it through the anus					
herbivore	an animal that only eats plants					
incisor	the teeth at the front of your mouth which you use for biting into food					
ingested	When animals or plants ingest a substance, they take it into themselves, for example by eating or absorbing it					
intestines	the tubes in your body through which food passes when it has left your stomach					
molar	the large, flat teeth towards the back of your mouth that you use for chewing food					
muscles	something inside your body which connects two bones and which you use when you make a movement					
nutrition	the process of taking food into the body and absorbing the nutrients in thos foods					
oesophagus	the part of your body that carries the food from the throat to the stomach					
omnivore	person or animal eats all kinds of food, including both meat and plants					
organ	a part of your body that has a particular purpose					
plaque	a substance containing bacteria that forms on the surface of your teeth					
premolar	two situated on each side of both jaws between the first molar and the canine					
process	a series of actions used to produce something or reach a goal.					
saliva	the watery liquid that forms in your mouth and helps you to chew and digest food					
stomach	the organ inside your body where food is digested before it moves into the intestines					

The Digestive System

- The smell of food triggers saliva to be produced.
- The digestive system begins with the mouth and teeth where food is ingested and chewed.
- . Saliva is mixed with the food which helps to break it up.
- When the food is small enough to be swallowed, it is pushed down the oesophagus by muscles to the stomach.
- In the stomach, food is mixed further.
- The mixed food is then sent to the small intestine which absorbs nutrients from the food.
- Any leftover broken down food then moves on to the large intestine.
- The food minus the nutrients arrives in the rectum where muscles turn it into faeces. It is stored here until it is pushed out by the anus. This is called excretion.



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Question 1: Place these in order of what happens in the digestive system.	Start of End of unit: unit:		-	Question 4: The substance that helps break down food in the mouth is		End o
teeth chew food and saliva			oesophagus			
helps the food to break down. any final nutrients are		15	saliva			
absorbed before waste is			nutrients			
pushed out by the anus.	: :		stomach			
in the stomach the food is	33	183	Stomach			
mixed further and then sent to			Ouestion 5: Wh	nat carries food		
the intestines		- 3	from the mouth to the		Start of	End o
the food is pushed down the			stomach?		unit:	unit
oesophagus to the stomach.			blood			
Question 2: Which of these life	Chr. d. C	F. J. C	oesophagus			
processes takes place when	Start of unit:	End of unit:	tongue			
waste is pushed out?	uniti					
respiration			teeth			
reproduction						
excretion			Question 6: To	oth decay is	Start of	End o
growth			when	our decay is	unit:	unit:
Question 3: The substance that	Start of			to chew	unit.	unic
contains bacteria on the						
surface of your teeth is called	unit: unit:		teeth are kept healthy			
plaque			teeth are destr	oyed and		
canines			damaged	-11-1		
molars			teeth are brush	ned twice a day		
incisors			1			
Incisors			J			
Question 7: Label the types of tee	th: incisors	molars, pre	emolars canines	Start of unit:	End o	of unit:
Question 8: Name two ways in wh	ich we can	look after o	ur teeth.	Start of unit:	End o	of unit: